

Reinforcing Privacy Programs Through Zero-Trust Architecture

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Speakers





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Have you implemented any of the zero-trust architecture principles?

Level Setting: What is ZTA?



- Historical origins
- Differences from perimeter security
- □ VPN is often an entry point to ZTA



Why ZTA Matters



- ✓ Limits blast radius of data breaches
- ✓ Provides necessary forensics to properly investigate data security incidents and evidence regulatory compliance
- ✓ Becoming common requirements for cyber insurance and/or data privacy laws – both general and industryspecific

Failing to Prepare is Preparing to Fail

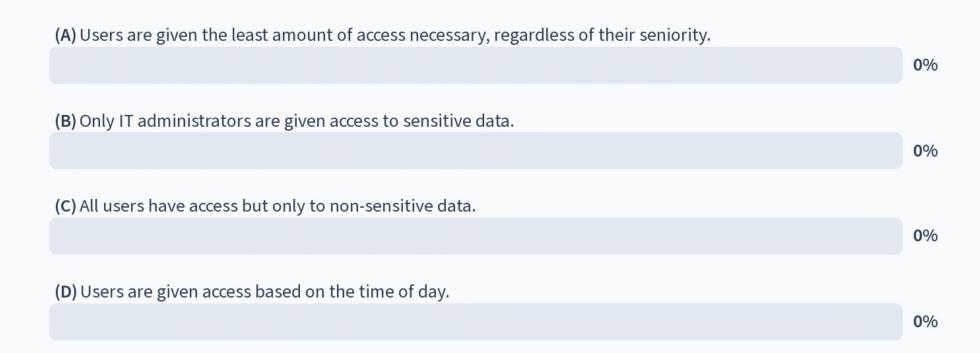


- Inability to determine scope of exfiltrated data
- Regulators often request years' worth of logging and other monitoring evidence following data breach
- Disgruntled employees are common source of exfiltrated data

What is the core principle of zero-trust architecture?

(A) Trust all users inside the network but none outside	
	0%
(B) Trust no one and verify everyone, regardless of their location	
	0%
(C) Only trust users with administrative access.	
	0%
(D) Trust is based solely on the strength of passwords.	
	0%

Which of the following best describes the "least privilege" principle in zero-trust architecture?



Questions & Contacts





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